



Project HORIZONTAL Validation Report on dry matter

Validation of a horizontal standard for the determination of dry matter by
gravimetric method in soils, sludges and treated biowaste
in a European Intercomparison Exercise

E. Sobiecka, H. van der Sloot, K. Andersen, B. M. Gawlik



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Project HORIZONTAL Validation Report

Validation of a horizontal standard for the determination of dry matter (DM) by gravimetric method in soils, sludge and treated biowaste in a European Intercomparison Exercise

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Summary

Project HORIZONTAL is interdisciplinary aiming at a harmonisation and horizontal standardisation of test procedures, in particular for sludge, soil and biowaste. In the context of this standardization project, a series of draft standards were designed upon an extensive desk study, fine-tuned after expert consultations and finally validated in international intercomparison exercise.

This report summarises the work performed in a validation study for the draft standard for the determination of dry matter (DM) in soil, sludge and treated bio-waste using gravimetric method. It further explains the underlying statistical concept for the calculation of reproducibility and repeatability from intercomparison data. In addition all single values, results of the statistical evaluation as well as background information on the validation materials used are described and explained.

Abbreviations

Throughout this report the following abbreviations are used:

ANOVA	Analysis of variances	JRC	Joint Research Centre
CAS	Chemical Abstracts System	MILC	Measure Interlaboratory Comparison
CEN	Comité Européen de Normalisation		Measure Interlaboratory Comparison
DG	Directorate General	p	Number of labs
DM	Dry Matter	r	Repeatability limit
ECN	Energy Research Centre for the Netherlands	R	Reproducibility limit
EU	European Union	s _r	Repeatability standard deviation
IES	Institute for Environment and Sustainability	s _R	Reproducibility standard deviation
IT	Information Technology	TC	Technical Committee
ISO	International Organization for Standardisation		

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Introduction to the validation project

Project HORIZONTAL is interdisciplinary aiming at a harmonisation and horizontal standardisation of test procedures, in particular for sludge, soils and biowastes. It was created as in response to the European Commission Mandate M 330 given to CEN, asking for the development and validation of those standards in support of forthcoming EU Directives, such as:

- The revision of the Sewage Sludge Directive 86/278/EEC.
- The Directive on the biological treatment of biodegradable waste.
- The initiative on a legal framework for soil monitoring in Europe.

This mandate explicitly considers standards for the entire analytical procedure (i.e., sampling, pre-treatment and analytical measurement methods for inorganic, organic, hygiene and biological parameters). These are grouped into classes according to their physical/chemical properties, which in turn determine the methods needed to quantify the potential impact on human and animal health, plant uptake, soil function and groundwater quality. As the materials generally feature a mixture of different types of contaminants, it is important to provide an integrated answer covering evaluation of all relevant pollutants.

In order to fulfil the requirements of the aforementioned mandate, the European Commissions Joint Research Centre (JRC) and its Directorate-General for Environment (DG ENV) together with the Technical Committees of the European Standardisation Committee (CEN TCs) concerned designed a pre-normative research initiative called Project HORIZONTAL and presented it to the Commission and the Environmental Authorities in the Member States.

After an extensive literature research and careful evaluation of the feasibility of a given horizontal standard, the standards were drafted and finally validated in a European laboratory intercomparison.

The underlying statistical concept, information about the materials used, details about the participants, measurement results obtained as well as the derived performance characteristics obtained for the determination of dry matter (DM) are described hereafter.

1.1 Statistical concept underlying the validation

According to the requirements of the work package concerning data handling and interpretation of the project HORIZONTAL-ORG the respective validation intercomparison have to be evaluated according to the principles laid down in ISO 5725-2:1994. In particular repeatability and reproducibility of the draft standard method have to be determined. The determination of trueness would require the availability of independent reference values for the materials investigated. This, however, is not possible and was not requested in the frame of this work. In the following, the approach chosen is explained.

1.1.1 Introduction to the statistical model

The statistical model used in ISO 5725 for estimation of accuracy of a measurement method assumes that every test result is the sum of three components:

$$y = m + B + e$$

y : test result

m : general mean

B : laboratory component of bias under repeatability conditions

e : random error occurring in every measurement under repeatability conditions

In the workprogram the quantification of term e is explicitly asked for (i.e. repeatability and reproducibility). The repeatability variance is measured directly as the variance of the error term e , but the reproducibility depends on the sum of the repeatability variance and the between-laboratory variance:

$$\sigma_r = \sqrt{\text{var}(e)}$$

$$\sigma_R = \sqrt{\sigma_L^2 + \sigma_r^2} \quad \text{with} \quad \sigma_L = \sqrt{\text{var}(B)}$$

However, soil, biowaste and sludge are multi-phase materials, i.e. they contain two or more distinct types of particles which are fundamentally different in their properties and composition. As a consequence, this introduces an important source of variation for the intercomparison exercise which needs to be considered, i.e. the inherent heterogeneity of the materials.

Thus, a contribution of variation between samples H is introduced to the general statistical model:

$$y = m + B + e + H$$

Using ANOVA techniques the different variances are calculated and separated for the evaluation.

1.1.2 Requirements for precision experiment

Layout of the experiment

A suite of 10 to 12 different materials (soil, sludge and biowaste) was made available for the intercomparison exercise. For each parameter investigated, at least 10 laboratories should be nominated to participate. The same laboratories should analyse as many parameters as possible. Due to the complexity of analysis and the respective workload of the laboratories, it was decided to propose six materials for the validation of the dry matter draft standard.

Each laboratory received two bottles of each material and was requested to perform 6 independent analyses per material¹ (3 per bottle) using the draft standard method. The 6 analyses per material should be carried out under repeatability conditions (i.e. same operator², same equipment, within a short period of time). As far as possible, also the different materials should be measured under repeatability conditions; however, changes of e.g. operator or equipment was permitted, but had to be reported. Likewise, the different materials could be analysed on different days, if necessary.

Equipment used in the experiment needed to be checked prior to the experiment according to the requirements of the draft standard. The results of these checks had to be documented. Similarly, date and time of each measurement had to be recorded for verification of repeatability conditions.

An appropriate timeframe for the entire exercise was set and should be respected.

Recruitment of the laboratories

Each sub-workpackage leader of HORIZONTAL was asked to select the laboratories using the information from section 5.2 of ISO 5725-2:1994. The draft standard was made available to the laboratories on the Project Horizontal homepage. Each laboratory was requested to provide the signed statements on cooperation as given in Annex 1.

Preparation and use of the materials

Materials used for the exercise were prepared according to the general requirements for reference materials as laid down in ISO Guide 34. Materials were accompanied by instructions for use.

Reporting of results

Online submissions of results using an internet-based IT platform as well as XLS-Spreadsheets were used. In case of online data submission, the participating laboratories received a unique and confidential login and password in due time, enabling them to enter their data in a structured form. For authentication purposes a signed printout had to be submitted by mail.

¹ Independent analysis means analysis of independent test portions, applying the entire analytical scheme to this test portion, from e.g. extraction to quantification. For instance it does not mean replicate injections of aliquots into a GC-MS instrument.

² Operator in this context may also consist of a fixed team of persons, e.g. one person performing extraction, one clean-up, one quantification.

The online data submission included a detailed questionnaire for additional information on the measurements.

1.2.3 Statistical analysis

Statistical analysis of data followed the requirements of ISO 5725-2:1994 and ISO 5725-5:1998. Appropriate tests for the homogeneity of variance, detection of outliers and normal distribution were applied. Statistical evaluation was done using an Excel Macro, developed, tested and successfully applied in other occasion by ECN. Evaluation was executed jointly by JRC and ECN.

1.2 Validation exercise for dry matter

1.2.1 Samples dispatched for the validation of dry matter

After a preliminary rough screening, the following materials were used for the validation round of dry matter:

- Compost 1 A loaded compost material from Vienna
- Compost 2 A loaded compost material from Germany
- Sewage Sludge 1 A mixed sewage sludge from Essen, Germany
- Sewage Sludge 2 A mixed municipal sludge from North Rhine Westphalia, Germany
- Soil 4 A sludge amended soil from Hohenheim, Germany
- Soil 5 An agricultural soil from Reading, UK

A more detailed description of background concentrations can be found in Annex 2 to this report. The samples were dispatched simultaneously to all participants using a private courier service.

1.2.2 Draft standards to be followed

The draft standards to be followed could be downloaded following this link, which is situated on the website of the Project HORIZONTAL:

http://www.ecn.nl/docs/society/horizontal/Dry_matter_and_water_content_Standard_for_validation.pdf

1.2.3 Analytical program

Two bottles had to be analysed for each of the six materials and each bottle had to be analysed independently three times. As mentioned above analyses were to be done under repeatability conditions.

1.2.4 Timing and Submission of data

Dispatch of samples was done on the 18th of October 2006. For users of the Online data submission system (MILC), User Registration was possible from 14th of November

2006 with opening of the MILC Data Submission on 1st of December 2006. The deadline for submission of results has been set for DM to the 31st of January 2007.

Alternatively the participants were allowed to submit data electronically as Excel sheet using Email.

All data were treated in a confidential way. Any presentation hereafter refers only to numerical data and it will not be possible to identify the originating laboratory. Lab Codes displayed are NOT related to the order of laboratories hereafter.

In addition to the information provided a Helpdesk was implemented in order to give quick and individual response to the participants during and immediately after the validation study. In case of doubt and suspected transcription errors, further enquires were conducted by JRC.

1.2.5 Participants

The following table lists the participating organizations and entities in the validation exercise for the horizontal DM standard;

- Austria
 - Amt der Salzburger Landesregierung,
 - Amt der Steirmärkischen Landesregierung
 - barbara - Engineering, Consulting, Research & Service GmbH
 - Magistrat der Stadt Wien
 - NUA Umweltanalytik GmbH
 - Österreichische Agentur für Gesundheit und Ernährungssicherheit
 - Umweltbundesamt
 - Universität für Bodenkultur Wien
 - University of Natural resources and Applied Life Sciences
- Belgium
 - VITO
- Czech Republic
 - Central Institute for Supervising and Testing in Agriculture (UKZUZ)
- Finland
 - Consulting Engineers Paavo Ristola Ltd.
 - Finnish Environment Institute (SYKE)
 - Finnish Food safety Authority Evira
 - VTT
- France
 - BRGM-Metrolgy Monitoring Analysis Department
 - CEMAGREF - UR QELY
 - INERIS
 - PREFECTURE DE POLICE, Laboratoire Central
 - SAS Laboratoire
- Germany
 - Biolab Umweltanalysen GmbH
 - Fachhochschule Weihenstephan, Forschungsanstalt für Gartenbau
 - Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing (BAM)
 - Umweltbundesamt
- Hungary
 - Chemical Laboratory Mertcontrol Ltd
- Italy
 - C.R.A. - Istituto Sperimentale per la Nutrizione delle Piante
- Norway
 - Norwegian Institute for Water Research
- Sweden
 - ALCONTROL AB
- The Netherlands
 - Analytico Milieu B. V.

1.3 Summary results and derived performance characteristics

The result of the various statistical evaluation according to ISO 5725-2 including outlier tests, calculation of repeatability and reproducibility standard deviations can be found in Annex 3. In addition, all data submitted by the participants as well as those considered for the calculation of the performance characteristics are listed in Annex 3.

The calculated average values, the repeatability standard deviation (s_r) and the reproducibility standard deviation (s_R) are given in Table 1.

The repeatability is determined as an interval around a measurement result (i.e. "repeatability limit"). This interval corresponds to the maximum difference that can be expected (with a 95% statistical confidence) between one test result and another, both test results being obtained under the following conditions: The tests are performed in accordance with the requirements of the present standard by the same laboratory using its own facilities and testing laboratory samples obtained from the same primary field sample and prepared under identical procedures. The repeatability limit was calculated using the relationship: $r_{\text{test}} = f \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot s_{r,\text{test}}$ with the critical range factor $f = 2$.

The reproducibility, like repeatability is also determined as an interval around a measurement result (i.e. "reproducibility limit"). This interval corresponds to the maximum difference that can be expected (with a 95% statistical confidence) between one test result and another test result obtained by another laboratory, both test results being obtained under the following conditions : The tests are performed in accordance with the requirements of the present standard by two different laboratories using their own facilities and testing laboratory samples obtained from the same primary field sample and prepared under identical procedures. The reproducibility limit was calculated using the relationship: $R = f \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot s_R$ with the critical range factor $f = 2$.

Table 1 - Results of the interlaboratory comparison studies of the determination of dry matter by gravimetric method in treated biowaste, sludge and soil. All concentrations are expressed in %.

Matrix	Parameter	Mean	sr	sR	r	R	p	Outliers	Total number of data	No of LOD
Sludge 1	Dry Matter	96.6	0.3%	0.6%	0.9	1.7	22	3	105	0
Sludge 2	Dry Matter	95.5	0.2%	0.5%	0.7	1.4	27	2	130	0
Compost 1	Dry Matter	93.7	0.2%	0.5%	0.4	1.3	24	4	125	0
Compost 2	Dry Matter	91.7	0.4%	0.6%	1.2	1.5	24	5	123	0
Soil 4	Dry Matter	95.3	0.1%	0.4%	0.4	1.1	24	4	112	0
Soil 5	Dry Matter	98.4	0.1%	0.1%	0.2	0.4	22	6	106	0

Abbreviations: sr Repeatability standard deviation; SR Reproducibility standard deviation; r Repeatability limit (comparing two measurements); R Reproducibility limit (comparing two measurements); p Number of labs.

1.4 Annexes

Annex 1: Model questionnaire to be filled by the participating laboratories

Annex 2: Report on the validation materials used

Annex 3: Statistical calculations

Annex 4: Data submitted

Annex 1:

Model questionnaire to be filled by the participating laboratories

Model questionnaire to be filled by the participating laboratories

Name of laboratory:
Contact person:
Contact details: email:
Phone:
Fax:
Mail address of lab:

Dispatch address of lab for shipment of samples (no PO boxes!):

Title of measurement method (copy attached):

Our laboratory is willing to participate in the precision experiment for this draft standard method.

Yes ☐

No ☐

As participant we understand that:

- All essential apparatus, chemicals and other requirements specified in the method must be available in our laboratory when the programme begins
- Specified timing requirements such as starting and finishing date of the programme must be rigidly met
- The method must be strictly adhered to
- Samples must be handled in accordance with instructions
- A qualified operator must perform the measurements

Having studied the method and having made a fair appraisal of our capabilities and facilities, we feel that we will be adequately prepared for cooperative testing of this method.

Comments:

.....
Signature Date

Annex 2:

Report on the validation materials used

Abstract

This report gives an overview on the available analytical information on the following raw materials to be used for the production of validation materials of the so-called Project HORIZONTAL:

- Four sludge materials from Düsseldorf, Germany,
- An agricultural soil material from Reading, United Kingdom;
- A compost material from Vienna, Austria;
- A compost material from Korschenbroich, Germany;
- A sludge-amended, agricultural soil from Pavia Province, Italy;
- A sludge-amended soil from Barcelona, Spain
- A sludge-amended soil from Essen, Germany
- A long-term sludge exposed soil from Hohenheim, Germany

List of Abbreviations

Throughout this report the following abbreviations are used.

AOX	absorbable organic halogens	LoD	limit of detection
C _{org}	organic carbon content	LUA	Landesumweltamt
C _{total}	total carbon content	N _{total}	total nitrogen content
CAT	cation exchangeable	NH ₄ -N	Ammonium nitrogen
CDD	chlorinated dibenzodioxin	NO ₃ -N	Nitrate nitrogen
CDF	chlorinated dibenzofuran	NP	nonylphenol
DEHP	di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	NRW	North Rhine Westphalia
DM	dry matter	O	octa
EPA	Environment Protection Agency	P	poly
EU	European Union	PAH	polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
FM	fresh matter	PCB	polychlorinated biphenyl
Hp	hepta	Pe	penta
Hx	hexa	T	tetra
IES	Institute for Environment and Sustainability	TEQ	toxicity equivalent
IRMM	Institute for Reference Materials and Measurements	UBA	Umweltbundesamt
JRC	Joint Research Centre	WHO	World Health Organization
LAS	linear alkylsulfonates	WWTP	waste water treatment plant

1 Introduction

This report gives an overview on the available analytical information on the following raw materials to be used for the production of validation materials of the so-called Project HORIZONTAL:

- Four sludge materials from Düsseldorf, Germany,
- An agricultural soil material from Reading, United Kingdom;
- A compost material from Vienna, Austria;
- A compost material from Korschenbroich, Germany;
- A sludge-amended, agricultural soil from Pavia Province, Italy;
- A sludge-amended soil from Barcelona, Spain
- A sludge-amended soil from Essen, Germany
- A long-term sludge exposed soil from Hohenheim, Germany

The following analytical information was gathered partly before and during the sampling of the raw materials, to be used for the production of the HORIZONTAL validation materials. The material were sampled by IES and shipped to IRMM in the course of the year 2005. The information gathered was then completed by various analytical screenings for PAHs and PCBs done by the Institute for Reference Materials and Measurements, Geel, Belgium, for phthalates done by UBA, Berlin, Germany, for PBDE done by IIQAB-CSIC, Barcelona, Spain, for trace elements and some selected major and minor elements by the Institute for Environment and Sustainability, Ispra, Italy.

The work compiled hereafter is based on the numerous additional efforts of the scientists working at various members of the consortium Project HORIZONTAL-Org and contributing organisations.

This work is gratefully acknowledged.

2 Overview on property values

2.1 *Sludge materials from Düsseldorf, Germany*

The various sewage sludge materials originate from various installations in the North Rhine Westphalia and were produced and sampled by staff from the Landesumweltamt (LUA) NRW under the responsibility from Dr. K. Furtmann.

In total, four sludge materials (Sludge A and D from a major municipal WWTP, Sludge B from a municipal WWTP with industrial input, and Sludge C from a municipal WWTP with high PCB-Content,) were obtained and will be blended to two final materials. Before sampling the following analytical data for a typical sample were received.

Table 1 – Analytical data obtained on an average sludge sample in LUA NRW
(with courtesy of K. Furtmann, LUA, Düsseldorf)

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Concentration</i>
PCB	120 ug/kg
DEHP	110 mg/kg
PAH	5 mg/kg (EPA)
PCDD/F	15 ng TE/kg
PBDE	400 ug/kg
NP	40 mg/kg
LAS	3 g/kg
AOX	300 mg/kg

Subsequent screening led to the information displayed hereafter. It should be stressed that the data were obtained as SCREENING information on the UNTREATED or partially treated raw materials. Therefore, the final target values, which are relevant for the validation intercomparison can be different.

Table 2 – Analytical data obtained on a first screening on the sludge samples from LUA NRW

	<i>Sewage sludge A Dusseldorf</i>	<i>sewage sludge D Dusseldorf</i>
PCB (ng/g)		
28	62	35
52	101	65
101	31	38
118	49	40
153	30	33
105	24	11
138	46	38
156	<1	<1
180	34	23
170	23	19
PAH (ng/g)		
Naphtalene	34	381
Acenaphtylene	15	43
Acenaphthene	81	108
Fluorene	94	1167
Phenantrene		3440
Anthracene	22	344
Flouranthene	316	4817
Pyrene	235	3011
Benz(a)anthracene	473	791
Chrysene	691	1078
Benz(b)fluoranthene	538	1688
Benz(k)fluoranthene	228	635
Benz(a)pyrene	383	1114
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	92	229
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	71	70
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	80	185

Table 3 – Data on phthalate contents (with courtesy of S. Heise, UBA, Germany)

	<i>DiBP</i>	<i>DBP</i>	<i>DCHP</i>	<i>DEHP</i>	<i>Water</i>
	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	Wgt. %
Sludge D (1)		0.135		41.474	3.85
Sludge B (2)	0.538	0.034		30.634	5.47
Sludge A (3)	0.184	0.037		31.399	1.46
Sludge C (4)		0.354	1.528	6.678	2.29

Table 4 – Data on PDBE contents (with courtesy of D. Barceló and co-workers, IIQAB-CSIC, Barcelona, Spain)

	<i>Sludge 2</i> (B)
Tetra-BDE-47	55.4
Penta-BDE-100	9.59
Penta-BDE-99	69.4
Hexa-BDE-154	5.91
Hexa-BDE-153	7.72
Hepta-BDE-183	5.09
Octa-BDE-196	nq
Octa-BDE-197	nq
Octa-BDE-203	9.70
Deca-BDE-209	2216
TOTAL	2379

Table 5 – Screening data on some selected trace elements by ICP-AES after micro-wave assisted digestion using aqua regia (with courtesy of F. Sena, IES, Ispra, Spain). Note that these data are based on single measurements!

	<i>Cd</i>	<i>Co</i>	<i>Cr</i>	<i>Cu</i>	<i>Mn</i>	<i>Ni</i>	<i>Pb</i>	<i>Sb</i>	<i>Tl</i>	<i>V</i>	<i>Zn</i>
	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g
Sludge 1 (D)	2.65	29.0	53.3	359	1231	33.8	78.4	4.38	< 0.05	23.2	786
Sludge 2 (B)	1.19	31.1	62.6	202	278	29.9	72.2	2.51	< 0.05	11.8	625
Sludge 3 (A)	1.68	36.0	62.1	332	847	41.6	119	4.51	< 0.05	11.6	1237
Sludge 4 (C)	5.63	19.8	116	273	726	51.1	473	6.18	< 0.05	44.4	2015

Table 6 – Screening data on some selected matrix constituents and elements by WDXRF (with courtesy of S. Vaccaro).

<i>Sample</i>	<i>SiO2 (%)</i>	<i>Al2O3 (%)</i>	<i>CaO (%)</i>	<i>K2O (%)</i>	<i>Fe2O3 (%)</i>	<i>MgO (%)</i>	<i>TiO2 (PPM)</i>	<i>S (PPM)</i>	<i>P2O5 (PPM)</i>
Sludge 1 (D)	21.54	5.8	8.44	0.99	10.3	1.01	4367	<15	50448
Sludge 2 (B)	10.67	3.66	6.92	0.46	14.91	0.77	5217	<15	57633
Sludge 3 (A)	7.31	6.63	6.84	0.35	12.87	0.68	3733	<15	60369
Sludge 4 (C)	43.79	9.65	5.27	1.63	5.22	1.07	5628	<15	23945

<i>Sample</i>	<i>Na2O (%)</i>	<i>Cl (PPM)</i>	<i>Pb (PPM)</i>	<i>Zn (PPM)</i>	<i>Cu (PPM)</i>	<i>Ni (PPM)</i>	<i>Mn (PPM)</i>	<i>Cr (PPM)</i>
Sludge 1 (D)	0.3	2403	101	1002	350	15	1944	132
Sludge 2 (B)	0.31	315	97	879	172	12	514	180
Sludge 3 (A)	0.31	1281	153	1567	265	16	1440	168
Sludge 4 (C)	0.55	231	628	2625	371	81	1101	244

2.2 Agricultural soil material from Reading, United Kingdom

The material was proposed by the University of Reading (S. Nortcliff) and was sampled from a site called “*Frogmore Farm*” which was featured in the “*Metals*” Report for HORIZONTAL. This site is close to Reading with soils developed on flintyloamy periglacial materials over Chalk, has a long and well documented history of sludge application. The focus of the work of Nortcliff *et al.* undertook at this site and the monitoring and control at the site (by Thames Water and the subsequent subsidiary bodies dealing with sludge application to soil) was on metals (and metal loads), with no analysis or indeed any form of investigation in to organics in the broadest sense.

The analytical information produced in the context of the screening of the raw material is displayed below.

Table 7 – Data on phthalate contents (with courtesy of S. Heise, UBA, Germany)

	<i>DiBP</i>	<i>DBP</i>	<i>DCHP</i>	<i>DEHP</i>	<i>Water</i>
	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	Wgt. %
Soil 3 (Reading)		0.032		0.119	6.69

Table 8 – Screening data on some selected trace elements by ICP-AES after micro-wave assisted digestion using aqua regia (with courtesy of F. Sena). Note that these data are based on single measurements!

	<i>Cd</i>	<i>Co</i>	<i>Cr</i>	<i>Cu</i>	<i>Mn</i>	<i>Ni</i>	<i>Pb</i>	<i>Sb</i>	<i>Tl</i>	<i>V</i>	<i>Zn</i>
	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g
Soil 3 (Reading)	0.15	7.06	27.9	13.8	152	9.01	26.7	3.00	< 0.05	25.8	93.1

Table 9 – Analytical data obtained on a first screening on the sludge-amended soil from Reading (courtesy of IRMM)

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Concentration</i>
PCB	ng/g
28	<1
52	<1
101	<1
118	<1
153	<1
105	<1
138	<1
156	<1
180	<1
170	<1
PAH	ng/g
Naphtalene	<10
Acenaphtylene	21
Acenaphthene	<10
Fluorene	<10
Phenantrene	<10
Anthracene	<10
Flouranthene	818
Pyrene	776
Benz(a)anthracene	565

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Concentration</i>
Chrysene	608
Benz(b)fluoranthene	824
Benz(k)fluoranthene	329
Benz(a)pyrene	799
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	779
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	118
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	394

Table 10 – Data on PDBE contents (with courtesy of D. Barceló and co-workers, IIQAB-CSIC, Barcelona, Spain)

	<i>Soil 3 (Reading)</i>
Tetra-BDE-47	nq
Penta-BDE-100	nq
Penta-BDE-99	1.03
Hexa-BDE-154	0.03
Hexa-BDE-153	nq
Hepta-BDE-183	nq
Octa-BDE-196	nq
Octa-BDE-197	nd
Octa-BDE-203	nd
Deca-BDE-209	272
TOTAL	273

Table 11 – Screening data on some selected trace elements by ICP-AES after micro-wave assisted digestion using aqua regia (with courtesy of F. Sena). Note that these data are based on single measurements!

	<i>Cd</i>	<i>Co</i>	<i>Cr</i>	<i>Cu</i>	<i>Mn</i>	<i>Ni</i>	<i>Pb</i>	<i>Sb</i>	<i>Tl</i>	<i>V</i>	<i>Zn</i>
	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g
Soil 3 (Reading)	0.15	7.06	27.9	13.8	152	9.01	26.7	3.00	< 0.05	25.8	93.1

Table 12 – Screening data on some selected matrix constituents and elements by WDXRF (with courtesy of S. Vaccaro).

<i>Sample</i>	<i>SiO2 (%)</i>	<i>Al2O3 (%)</i>	<i>CaO (%)</i>	<i>K2O (%)</i>	<i>Fe2O3 (%)</i>	<i>MgO (%)</i>	<i>TiO2 (PPM)</i>	<i>S (PPM)</i>	<i>P2O5 (PPM)</i>
Soil 3 (Reading)	79.36	4.77	1.12	0.96	1.94	0.17	4107	443	2102

<i>Sample</i>	<i>Na2O (%)</i>	<i>Cl (PPM)</i>	<i>Pb (PPM)</i>	<i>Zn (PPM)</i>	<i>Cu (PPM)</i>	<i>Ni (PPM)</i>	<i>Mn (PPM)</i>	<i>Cr (PPM)</i>
Soil 3 (Reading)	0.42	13	45	69	69	69	216	92

Table 13 – Screening data on mercury by solid-sampling cold-vapour AAS using amalgamation enrichment (with courtesy of G. Locoro).

<i>Sample</i>	<i>Hg µg/g</i>
Soil 3 (Reading)	0.12

2.3 Compost from Vienna, Austria

The fresh compost material was obtained from the Austrian Federal Environment Agency (UBA, Vienna), which had used a sub-batch of the raw material for national intercomparison. The remainder of the material was stored at 4°C until shipment to IRMM for further processing. The following analytical information was provided by UBA Austria and completed with various screenings.

Table 14 – Analytical data on compost material received from UBA Austria
Inorganic and sum parameters

Parameter	Unit	Sample fraction used	Observed mean
B CAT	mg/l F.M.	Fresh sample, <10mm	6.1
K CAT	mg/l F.M.	Fresh sample, <10mm	2624
Mg CAT	mg/l F.M.	Fresh sample, <10mm	242
P CAT	mg/l F.M.	Fresh sample, <10mm	49
B CAT	% D.M.	Fresh sample, <10mm	0.0017
K CAT	% D.M.	Fresh sample, <10mm	0.72
Mg CAT	% D.M.	Fresh sample, <10mm	0.07
P CAT	% D.M.	Fresh sample, <10mm	0.01
NO ₃ -N	mg/kg F.M.	Fresh sample, <10mm	3.5
NH ₄ -N	mg/kg F.M.	Fresh sample, <10mm	230
Ctotal	% D.M.	<45° dry, milled	29
Corg	% D.M.	<45° dry, milled	27
Ntotal	% D.M.	<45° dry, milled	1.7
P	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	2596
K	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	11019
K	% D.M.	<45° dry, milled	1.10
B	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	60
Cd	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	0.46
Cr	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	25
Cu	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	46
Hg	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	0.20
Ni	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	18
Pb	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	45
Zn	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	198
Ca	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	68776
Ca	% D.M.	<45° dry, milled	6.9
Mo	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	0.8
S	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	2137
Fe	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	9959
Mn	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	418
Na	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	742
Co	mg/kg D.M.	<45° dry, milled	4.1
AOX	mg/kg D.M.	<30° dry, milled	62

Table 15 – Analytical data on compost material received from UBA Austria
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

PAH	Unit	Result
Naphthaline	µg/kg DM	9.3
Acenaphthylene	µg/kg DM	8.6
Acenaphthene	µg/kg DM	5
Fluorene	µg/kg DM	8.0
Phenanthrene	µg/kg DM	89
Anthracene	µg/kg DM	27
Fluoranthene	µg/kg DM	487
Pyrene	µg/kg DM	380

<i>PAH</i>	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Result</i>
Benzo(a)anthracene	µg/kg DM	278
Chrysene	µg/kg DM	317
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	µg/kg DM	365
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	µg/kg DM	193
Benz(a)pyrene	µg/kg DM	320
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	µg/kg DM	233
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	µg/kg DM	67
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	µg/kg DM	225
Sum EPA	µg/kg DM	3013
Sum EPA	mg/kg DM	3.0

Table 16 – Analytical data on compost material received from UBA Austria
Sum PCDDs and PCBs

<i>Parameter</i>			
Dioxine	TEQ (ITEF)	ng/kg DM	7.3
PCB	TEQ (WHO)	ng/kg DM	3.5
	Σ Ballschmiter	mg/kg DM	0.05

Table 17 – Analytical data on compost material obtained by screening in IRMM

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Result in ng/g</i>
PCB	
28	2
52	2
101	4
118	3
153	10
105	1
138	8
156	1
180	5
170	<1
PAH	
Naphtalene	<10
Acenaphthylene	<10
Acenaphthene	<10
Fluorene	<10
Phenanthrene	<10
Anthracene	26
Fluoranthene	611
Pyrene	510
Benzo(a)anthracene	888
Chrysene	957
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1531
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	547
Benzo(a)pyrene	1101
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	416
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	81
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	295

Table 18 – Data on PDBE contents
(with courtesy of D. Barceló and co-workers, IIQAB-CSIC, Barcelona, Spain)

	Compost 1 (Vienna)
Tetra-BDE-47	4.02
Penta-BDE-100	0.19
Penta-BDE-99	2.59
Hexa-BDE-154	nq
Hexa-BDE-153	0.23
Hepta-BDE-183	0.04
Octa-BDE-196	nq
Octa-BDE-197	nq
Octa-BDE-203	1.44
Deca-BDE-209	17.4
TOTAL	25.9

Table 19 – Data on phthalate contents (with courtesy of S. Heise, UBA, Germany)

	DiBP	DBP	DCHP	DEHP	Water
	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	Wgt. %
Compost 1 (Vienna)		0.058		1.426	5.57

Table 20 – Screening data on some selected trace elements by ICP-AES after micro-wave assisted digestion using aqua regia (with courtesy of F. Sena). Note that these data are based on single measurements!

	Cd	Co	Cr	Cu	Mn	Ni	Pb	Sb	Tl	V	Zn
	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g
Compost 1 (Vienna)	0.39	7.36	31.9	41.0	365	12.7	49.5	0.04	0.79	0.13	208

Table 21 – Screening data on some selected matrix constituents and elements by WDXRF (with courtesy of S. Vaccaro).

Sample	SiO ₂ (%)	Al ₂ O ₃ (%)	CaO (%)	K ₂ O (%)	Fe ₂ O ₃ (%)	MgO (%)	TiO ₂ (PPM)	S (PPM)	P ₂ O ₅ (PPM)
Compost 1 (Vienna)	20.63	4.31	6.17	4.26	1.99	2.49	1602	<15	10521

Sample	Na ₂ O (%)	Cl (PPM)	Pb (PPM)	Zn (PPM)	Cu (PPM)	Ni (PPM)	Mn (PPM)	Cr (PPM)
Compost 1 (Vienna)	0.35	3496	81	375	79	55	653	60

Table 22 – Screening data on mercury by solid-sampling cold-vapour AAS using amalgamation enrichment (with courtesy of G. Locoro).

Sample	Hg µg/g
Compost 1 (Vienna)	0.17

2.4 Agricultural soil, sludge amended soil from Pavia, Italy

This sludge-amended soil material was obtained during a monitoring campaign, which aimed at a generic description of the over-all soil quality in Pavia Province, Italy. The material, which was collected from the upper horizon, originates from a small farm called “*Cascina Novello*”. During the characterisation of the site, the following analytical information was obtained on a pooled sample of a sub-area of the farm of 20 X 20 m².

Table 23 – Analytical data on Pavia soil

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Result</i>
Al	7.13 Wgt%
As	22.4 mg/kg
Cd	0.79 mg/kg
Cr	59 mg/kg
Cu	30.8 mg/kg
Hg	0.08 mg/kg
Ni	34.4 mg/kg
Pb	24.6 mg/kg
Zn	95 mg/kg
C	0.91 Wgt %
2,3,7,8-TCDD	0.047 pg/g
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.15 pg/g
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.19 pg/g
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	1.5 pg/g
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.74 pg/g
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	26 pg/g
OCDD	382 pg/g
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.68 pg/g
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.53 pg/g
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.71 pg/g
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxDF	1.00 pg/g
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxDF	0.66 pg/g
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxDF	1.6 pg/g
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxDF	0.27 pg/g
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpDF	12 pg/g
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpDF	0.68 pg/g
OCDF	33 pg/g
I-TEQ	2.0 pg/g
WHO-TEQ	1.7 pg/g

In addition, the screening performed at IRMM did not reveal significant quantities of PCBs and PAHs, which were all below the LoDs (1 ng/g for PCBs and 10 ng/g for PAHs, respectively).

Table 24 – Data on phthalate contents (with courtesy of S. Heise, UBA, Germany)

	<i>DiBP</i>	<i>DBP</i>	<i>DCHP</i>	<i>DEHP</i>	<i>Water</i>
	µg/g TM	µg/g TM	µg/g TM	µg/g TM	Wgt. %
Soil 5 (Pavia)		0.005		0.011	1.54

Table 25 – Data on PDBE contents (with courtesy of D. Barceló and co-workers, IIQAB-CSIC, Barcelona, Spain)

	Soil 5 (Pavia)
Tetra-BDE-47	nq
Penta-BDE-100	nq
Penta-BDE-99	0.39
Hexa-BDE-154	nq
Hexa-BDE-153	nq
Hepta-BDE-183	0.08
Octa-BDE-196	nq
Octa-BDE-197	nd
Octa-BDE-203	nd
Deca-BDE-209	670
TOTAL	671

Table 26 – Screening data on some selected trace elements by ICP-AES after micro-wave assisted digestion using aqua regia (with courtesy of F. Sena). Note that these data are based on single measurements!

	Cd	Co	Cr	Cu	Mn	Ni	Pb	Sb	Tl	V	Zn
	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g
Soil 5 (Pavia)	0.33	18.4	57.3	22.5	426	30.5	20.6	2.00	< 0.05	38.1	87.8

Table 27 – Screening data on some selected matrix constituents and elements by WDXRF (with courtesy of S. Vaccaro).

Sample	SiO ₂ (%)	Al ₂ O ₃ (%)	CaO (%)	K ₂ O (%)	Fe ₂ O ₃ (%)	MgO (%)	TiO ₂ (PPM)	S (PPM)	P ₂ O ₅ (PPM)
Soil 5 (Pavia)	69.39	12.9	1.45	2.24	4.25	1.16	6118	255	1789

Sample	Na ₂ O (%)	Cl (PPM)	Pb (PPM)	Zn (PPM)	Cu (PPM)	Ni (PPM)	Mn (PPM)	Cr (PPM)
Soil 5 (Pavia)	1.84	62	38	108	55	66	597	110

Table 28 – Screening data on mercury by solid-sampling cold-vapour AAS using amalgamation enrichment (with courtesy of G. Locoro).

Sample	Hg µg/g
Soil 5 (Pavia)	0.06

2.5 Sludge-amended-soil from Barcelona, Spain

The sludge-amended soil material from Barcelona sampled upon indication from the Barcelo'- Group in Barcelona.

Table 29 – Data on phthalate contents (with courtesy of S. Heise, UBA, Germany)

	<i>DiBP</i>	<i>DBP</i>	<i>DCHP</i>	<i>DEHP</i>	<i>Water</i>
	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	Wgt. %
Soil 2 (Lleida T.)		0.015		0.183	11.38

Table 30 – Data on PDBE contents (with courtesy of D. Barceló and co-workers, IIQAB-CSIC, Barcelona, Spain)

	<i>Soil 2</i> <i>(Lleida T.)</i>
Tetra-BDE-47	nq
Penta-BDE-100	nq
Penta-BDE-99	1.59
Hexa-BDE-154	0.45
Hexa-BDE-153	nq
Hepta-BDE-183	0.48
Octa-BDE-196	1.60
Octa-BDE-197	nq
Octa-BDE-203	nq
Deca-BDE-209	1000
TOTAL	1004

Table 31 – Screening data on some selected trace elements by ICP-AES after micro-wave assisted digestion using aqua regia (with courtesy of F. Sena). Note that these data are based on single measurements!

	<i>Cd</i>	<i>Co</i>	<i>Cr</i>	<i>Cu</i>	<i>Mn</i>	<i>Ni</i>	<i>Pb</i>	<i>Sb</i>	<i>Tl</i>	<i>V</i>	<i>Zn</i>
	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g
Soil 2 (Lleida T.)	0.59	14.1	32.7	53.6	405	18.6	18.4	2.24	< 0.05	31.8	111

Table 32 – Screening data on some selected matrix constituents and elements by WDXRF (with courtesy of S. Vaccaro).

<i>Sample</i>	<i>SiO2 (%)</i>	<i>Al2O3 (%)</i>	<i>CaO (%)</i>	<i>K2O (%)</i>	<i>Fe2O3 (%)</i>	<i>MgO (%)</i>	<i>TiO2 (PPM)</i>	<i>S (PPM)</i>	<i>P2O5 (PPM)</i>
Soil 2 (Lleida T.)	44.43	10.67	14.29	2.53	3.44	2.04	4116	780	3396

<i>Sample</i>	<i>Na2O (%)</i>	<i>Cl (PPM)</i>	<i>Pb (PPM)</i>	<i>Zn (PPM)</i>	<i>Cu (PPM)</i>	<i>Ni (PPM)</i>	<i>Mn (PPM)</i>	<i>Cr (PPM)</i>
Soil 2 (Lleida T.)	0.64	65	26	125	59	17	547	65

Table 33 – Screening data on mercury by solid-sampling cold-vapour AAS using amalgamation enrichment (with courtesy of G. Locoro).

<i>Sample</i>	<i>Hg µg/g</i>
Soil 2 (Lleida T.)	0.10

2.6 Sludge amended soil from Essen, Germany

The German sludge-amended soil from Essen, which was provided as the three sludge materials by LUA NRW, did not feature significant concentrations of the PCB congeners 28, 52, 101, 118, 153, 105, 138, 156, 180, 170, but had detectable amounts of some PAHs.

Table 34 – Analytical screening data on the German sludge-amended soil.

Parameter	Concentration (ng/g)
Naphtalene	<10
Acenaphtylene	<10
Acenaphthene	<10
Fluorene	<10
Phenantrene	<10
Anthracene	<10
Fluoranthene	28
Pyrene	20
Benz(a)anthracene	24
Chrysene	47
Benz(b)fluoranthene	76
Benz(k)fluoranthene	20
Benz(a)pyrene	35
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	35
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	10
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	26

Table 35 – Data on phthalate contents (with courtesy of S. Heise, UBA, Germany)

	DiBP	DBP	DCHP	DEHP	Water
	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	µg/g dm	Wgt. %
Soil 4 (Essen)		0.011		0.302	0.55

Table 36 – Data on PDBE contents (with courtesy of D. Barceló and co-workers, IIQAB-CSIC, Barcelona, Spain)

	Soil 4 (Essen)
Tetra-BDE-47	nq
Penta-BDE-100	nq
Penta-BDE-99	nq
Hexa-BDE-154	nq
Hexa-BDE-153	nq
Hepta-BDE-183	nq
Octa-BDE-196	nq
Octa-BDE-197	nq
Octa-BDE-203	1.28
Deca-BDE-209	19.1
TOTAL	20.3

Table 37 – Screening data on some selected trace elements by ICP-AES after micro-wave assisted digestion using aqua regia (with courtesy of F. Sena). Note that these data are based on single measurements!

	<i>Cd</i>	<i>Co</i>	<i>Cr</i>	<i>Cu</i>	<i>Mn</i>	<i>Ni</i>	<i>Pb</i>	<i>Sb</i>	<i>Tl</i>	<i>V</i>	<i>Zn</i>
	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g
Soil 4 (Essen)	0.52	5.45	26.1	8.05	320	4.03	27.3	2.73	< 0.05	29.5	78.1

Table 38 – Screening data on some selected matrix constituents and elements by WDXRF (with courtesy of S. Vaccaro).

<i>Sample</i>	<i>SiO2 (%)</i>	<i>Al2O3 (%)</i>	<i>CaO (%)</i>	<i>K2O (%)</i>	<i>Fe2O3 (%)</i>	<i>MgO (%)</i>	<i>TiO2 (PPM)</i>	<i>S (PPM)</i>	<i>P2O5 (PPM)</i>
Soil 4 (Essen)	79.47	4.42	0.85	0.6	0.86	0.07	2163	189	2019

<i>Sample</i>	<i>Na2O (%)</i>	<i>Cl (PPM)</i>	<i>Pb (PPM)</i>	<i>Zn (PPM)</i>	<i>Cu (PPM)</i>	<i>Ni (PPM)</i>	<i>Mn (PPM)</i>	<i>Cr (PPM)</i>
Soil 4 (Essen)	0.45	19	42	87	683	60	462	61

Table 39 – Screening data on mercury by solid-sampling cold-vapour AAS using amalgamation enrichment (with courtesy of G. Locoro).

<i>Sample</i>	<i>Hg µg/g</i>
Soil 4 (Essen)	0.04

2.7 Long-term sludge exposed soil from Hohenheim-Stuttgart, Germany

Similarly, an additional sludge exposed soil was sampled at the University of Hohenheim, Stuttgart, where a test soil was long-term exposed to elevated concentrations of sewage sludge.

Table 40 – Data on phthalate contents (with courtesy of S. Heise, UBA, Germany)

	<i>DiBP</i>	<i>DBP</i>	<i>DCHP</i>	<i>DEHP</i>	<i>Water</i>
	µg/g TM	µg/g TM	µg/g TM	µg/g TM	Wgt. %
Soil 1 (Stuttgart)		0.045		0.263	17.65

Table 41 – Data on PDBE contents (with courtesy of D. Barceló and co-workers, IIQAB-CSIC, Barcelona, Spain)

	<i>Soil 1</i> (Stuttgart)
Tetra-BDE-47	nq
Penta-BDE-100	nq
Penta-BDE-99	2.30
Hexa-BDE-154	0.06
Hexa-BDE-153	0.04
Hepta-BDE-183	0.04
Octa-BDE-196	nq
Octa-BDE-197	nd
Octa-BDE-203	nd
Deca-BDE-209	498
TOTAL	500

Table 42 – Screening data on some selected trace elements by ICP-AES after micro-wave assisted digestion using aqua regia (with courtesy of F. Sena). Note that these data are based on single measurements!

	<i>Cd</i>	<i>Co</i>	<i>Cr</i>	<i>Cu</i>	<i>Mn</i>	<i>Ni</i>	<i>Pb</i>	<i>Sb</i>	<i>Tl</i>	<i>V</i>	<i>Zn</i>
	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g	µg/g
Soil 1 (Stuttgart)	0.69	12.7	36.1	26.2	504	18.3	25.2	2.62	< 0.05	26.6	142

Table 43 – Screening data on some selected matrix constituents and elements by WDXRF (with courtesy of S. Vaccaro).

<i>Sample</i>	<i>SiO2 (%)</i>	<i>Al2O3 (%)</i>	<i>CaO (%)</i>	<i>K2O (%)</i>	<i>Fe2O3 (%)</i>	<i>MgO (%)</i>	<i>TiO2 (PPM)</i>	<i>S (PPM)</i>	<i>P2O5 (PPM)</i>
Soil 1 (Stuttgart)	71.94	10.06	1.33	1.86	3.66	0.88	7874	275	3571

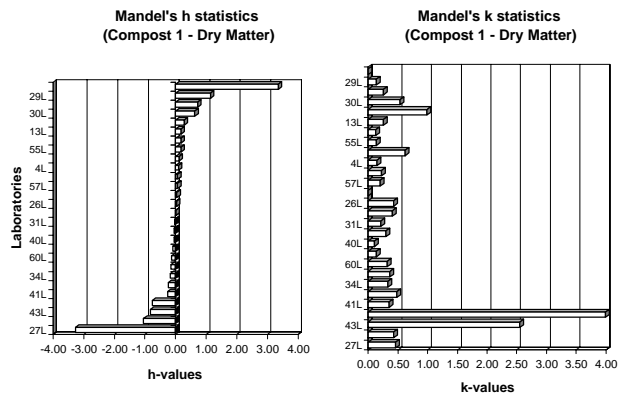
<i>Sample</i>	<i>Na2O (%)</i>	<i>Cl (PPM)</i>	<i>Pb (PPM)</i>	<i>Zn (PPM)</i>	<i>Cu (PPM)</i>	<i>Ni (PPM)</i>	<i>Mn (PPM)</i>	<i>Cr (PPM)</i>
Soil 1 (Stuttgart)	1.23	50	47	212	85	69	991	129

Table 44 – Screening data on mercury by solid-sampling cold-vapour AAS using amalgamation enrichment (with courtesy of G. Locoro).

<i>Sample</i>	<i>Hg µg/g</i>
Soil 1 (Stuttgart)	1.77

Annex 3:
Statistical calculations

Sample: Compost 1
Element: Dry Matter



Unit: %

Mandel's k statistics (Compost 1 - Dry Matter)
Mandel's h statistics (Compost 1 - Dry Matter)
Compost 1 - Dry Matter -- Mean PARM = 93.72 [%]

General calc.parm.
T1= 1.17109E+04
T2= 1.09718E+06
T3= 125
T4= 695
T5= 2.0207E+00
n= variabel
p= 24
N-table= 5

Mandel's statistics										End Result:									
LAB	PARM-gem	Stdev	N	h-mark	h	k	k-mark	AvX > AvST+2std	AvX < AvST-2std	PARM	Stdev	Rej.labs	N	N-1	dev_mean				
27L	89.8450	0.177	2	II	-3.28	0.46		Fail	-	-	0.1631	27L	-	-	-3.88				
44L	92.4350	0.163	6		-1.05	0.43		Fail	-	92.4350	0.1631		6	5	-1.29				
43L	92.6833	0.977	6		-0.83	2.55	II	Fail	-	-		43L	-	-	-1.04				
1L	92.7667	1.531	3		-0.76	3.99	II	Fail	-	-		1L	-	-	-0.96				
41L	93.3500	0.138	6		-0.26	0.36				93.3500	0.1378		6	5	-0.37				
61L	93.3733	0.184	6		-0.24	0.48				93.3733	0.1838		6	5	-0.35				
34L	93.4497	0.129	6		-0.17	0.34				93.4497	0.1292		6	5	-0.27				
7L	93.4750	0.139	6		-0.15	0.36				93.4750	0.1392		6	5	-0.25				
60L	93.5000	0.122	5		-0.13	0.32				93.5000	0.1225		5	4	-0.22				
23L	93.5500	0.055	6		-0.09	0.14				93.5500	0.0548		6	5	-0.17				
40L	93.5833	0.041	6		-0.06	0.11				93.5833	0.0408		6	5	-0.14				
16L	93.5833	0.117	6		-0.06	0.30				93.5833	0.1169		6	5	-0.14				
31L	93.6200	0.084	5		-0.03	0.22				93.6200	0.0837		5	4	-0.10				
21L	93.6626	0.158	6		0.01	0.41				93.6626	0.1578		6	5	-0.06				
26L	93.6833	0.163	6		0.03	0.42				93.6833	0.1628		6	5	-0.04				
70L	93.7000	-	1		0.04					93.7000	-		1		-0.02				
57L	93.7217	0.080	6		0.06	0.21				93.7217	0.0799		6	5	0.00				
46L	93.7250	0.087	4		0.07	0.23				93.7250	0.0866		4	3	0.00				
4L	93.7649	0.056	6		0.10	0.15				93.7649	0.0565		6	5	0.04				
45L	93.7833	0.240	6		0.12	0.63				93.7833	0.2401		6	5	0.06				
55L	93.8500	0.055	6		0.17	0.14				93.8500	0.0548		6	5	0.13				
9L	93.8533	0.049	6		0.18	0.13				93.8533	0.0489		6	5	0.13				
13L	93.8600	0.099	2		0.18	0.26				93.8600	0.0990		2	1	0.14				
32L	93.9750	0.377	4		0.28	0.98				93.9750	0.3775		4	3	0.25				
30L	94.3750	0.206	4		0.62	0.54		Fail		94.3750	0.2062		4	3	0.65				
35L	94.4833	0.098	6		0.72	0.26		Fail		94.4833	0.0983		6	5	0.76				
29L	94.9800	0.052	4		1.15	0.13		Fail		94.9800	0.0516		4	3	1.26				
17L	97.5500	-	1	II	3.36			Fail	-	-		17L	-	-	3.83				
Tot.gem	93.649	0.214 %		1%-level:	2.42	(1.79)			24	93.7224	(17L,1L,27L,43L)		24	23					
Tot.std=	1.161	0.324		5%-level:	1.90	(1.53)			4										

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RESULTS: Mean = 93.72238 %

Repeatability variance S2r = 0.02001

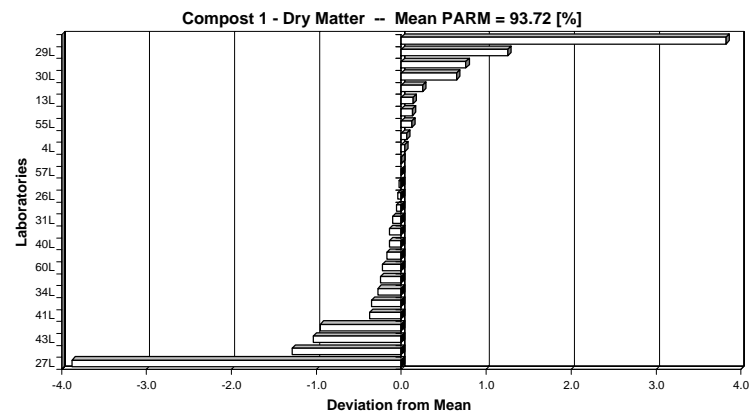
Repeatability std. Sr = 0.14145 --> 0.15% r = 0.3961

Between lab variance S2L = 0.20491

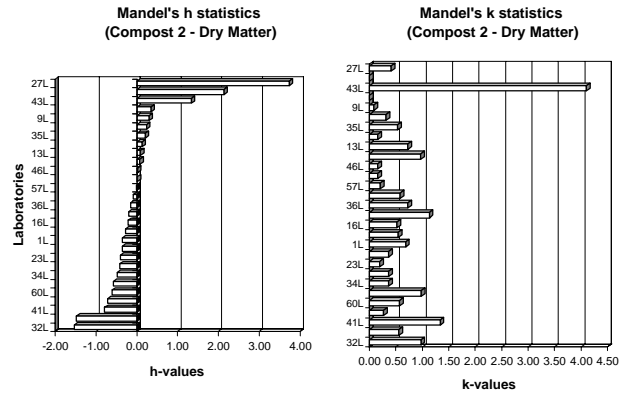
Reproducibility var. S2R = 0.22492

Reproducibility std. SR = 0.47426 --> 0.51% R = 1.3279

Remarks: 4 Labs rejected! (17L,1L,27L,43L)



Sample: **Compost 2**
Element: **Dry Matter**



Unit: %

Mandel's k statistics (Compost 2 - Dry Matter)
Mandel's h statistics (Compost 2 - Dry Matter)
Compost 2 - Dry Matter -- Mean PARM = 91.73 [%]

```

General calc.parm.
T1=      1.12778E+04
T2=      1.03407E+06
T3=      123
T4=      687
T5=      1.4570E+01
n= variabel
p=      24
N-table= 5

```

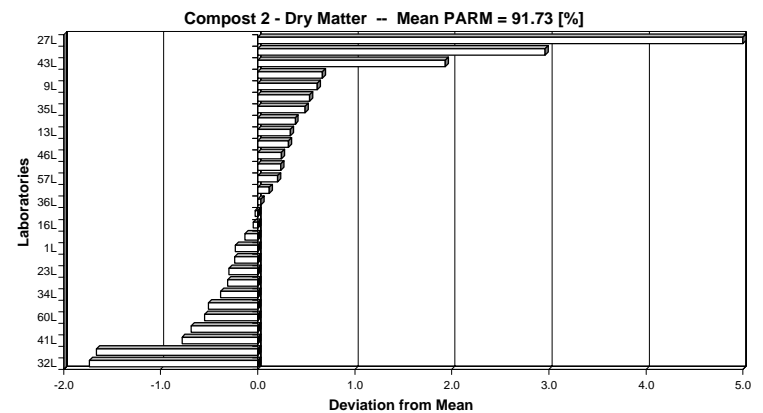
Mandel's statistics										End Result:						
LAB	PARM-gem	Stdev	N	h-mark	h	k	k-mark	lvX > AvSt+2std	AvX < AvSt-2std	PARM	Stdev	Rej.labs	N	N-1	dev_mean	
32L	90.0000	0.606	4		-1.53	0.97			Fail	-	-	.32L	-	-	-1.73	
44L	90.0683	0.343	6		-1.48	0.55			Fail	-	-	.44L	-	-	-1.66	
41L	90.9500	0.831	6		-0.79	1.34			Fail							
7L	91.0450	0.165	6		-0.71	0.27				90.9500	0.8313		6	5	-0.78	
60L	91.1833	0.354	6		-0.60	0.57				91.0450	0.1654		6	5	-0.69	
21L	91.2215	0.609	6		-0.57	0.98				91.1833	0.3545		6	5	-0.55	
34L	91.3466	0.228	6		-0.48	0.37				91.2215	0.6085		6	5	-0.51	
31L	91.4200	0.228	6		-0.42	0.37				91.3466	0.2276		6	5	-0.38	
23L	91.4333	0.121	6		-0.41	0.19				91.4200	0.2280		5	5	-0.31	
26L	91.4967	0.226	6		-0.36	0.36				91.4333	0.1211		6	5	-0.30	
1L	91.5000	0.424	2		-0.36	0.68				91.4967	0.2261		6	5	-0.23	
4L	91.6004	0.341	6		-0.28	0.55				91.5000	0.4243		2	1	-0.23	
16L	91.6833	0.325	6		-0.21	0.52				91.6004	0.3407		6	5	-0.13	
19L	91.7017	0.703	6		-0.20	1.13				91.6833	0.3251		6	5	-0.05	
36L	91.7632	0.449	3		-0.15	0.72				91.7017	0.7029		6	5	-0.03	
45L	91.8500	0.352	6		-0.08	0.58				91.7632	0.4486		3	2	-0.03	
57L	91.9367	0.130	6		-0.01	0.21				91.8500	0.3519		6	5	0.12	
61L	91.9700	0.099	6		0.01	0.16				91.9367	0.1297		6	5	0.21	
46L	91.9750	0.098	4		0.02	0.16				91.9700	0.0988		6	5	0.24	
55L	92.0500	0.599	6		0.07	0.96				91.9750	0.0981		4	3	0.24	
13L	92.0700	0.453	2		0.09	0.73				92.0500	0.5992		6	5	0.32	
40L	92.1167	0.098	6		0.13	0.16				92.0700	0.4525		2	1	0.34	
35L	92.2167	0.331	6		0.20	0.53				92.1167	0.0983		6	5	0.39	
29L	92.2675	0.196	6		0.31	0.32				92.2167	0.3312		6	5	0.49	
9L	92.3450	0.050	6		0.34	0.08				92.2675	0.1962		4	3	0.54	
70L	92.4000	-	1		0.35					92.3450	0.0501		6	5	0.61	
43L	93.6600	2.551	5		1.33	4.10	!!	Fail	-	-	.43L	-	-	1	0.67	
17L	94.6900	-	1	!	2.14			Fail	-	-	.17L	-	-		1.93	
27L	96.7300	0.255	2	!!	3.74	0.41		Fail	-	-	.27L	-	-		2.96	
Tot.gem	91.955	0.414	%	1%-level:	2.42	(1.79)			24	91.7309	(17L, 27L, 32L, 43L, 44L)		24	23		
Tot.std=	1.278	0.473		5%-level:	1.90	(1.53)			5						5.00	

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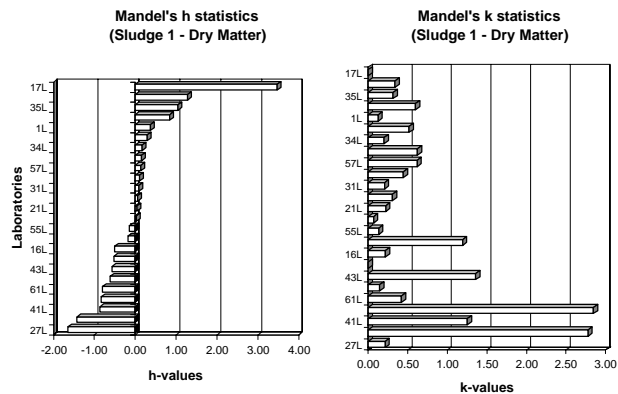
RESULTS: Mean = 91.73094 %

Repeatability variance	S2r =	0.14717			
Repeatability std.	Sr =	0.38363	-->	0.42%	r = 1.0742
Between lab variance	S2L =	0.14165			
Reproducibility var.	S2R =	0.28882			
Reproducibility std.	SR =	0.53742	-->	0.59%	R = 1.5048

Remarks: 5 Labs rejected! (17L ,27L ,32L ,43L,44L)



Sample: Sludge 1
Element: Dry Matter



Unit: %

Mandel's k statistics (Sludge 1 - Dry Matter)
Mandel's h statistics (Sludge 1 - Dry Matter)
Sludge 1 - Dry Matter -- Mean PARM = 96.57 [%]

General calc.parm.
T1= 1.01399E+04
T2= 9.79243E+05
T3= 105
T4= 561
T5= 9.1197E+00
n= variabel
p= 22
N-table= 5

LAB	PARM-gem	Stdev	N	h-mark	Mandel's statistics		k-mark $\sqrt{N}X > \text{AvST}+2\text{std}$	AvX < AvST-2std	End Result:		Rej.labs	N	N-1	dev_mean
					h	k			PARM	Stdev				
27L	95.1350	0.120	2		-1.65	0.22			95.1350	0.1202		2	1	-1.43
9L	95.3267	1.539	12		-1.44	2.78	!!	Fail	-	.9L	-	-	-	-1.24
41L	95.8333	0.695	6		-0.87	1.25			95.8333	0.6947		6	5	-0.73
7L	95.8700	1.576	8		-0.83	2.84	!!		-	.7L	-	-	-	-0.70
61L	95.8950	0.234	6		-0.80	0.42			95.8950	0.2343		6	5	-0.67
23L	96.0667	0.082	6		-0.61	0.15			96.0667	0.0816		6	5	-0.50
43L	96.1000	0.753	4		-0.57	1.36			96.1000	0.7528		4	3	-0.47
70L	96.1500	-	1		-0.52				96.1500	-		1		-0.42
16L	96.1667	0.121	6		-0.50	0.22			96.1667	0.1211		6	5	-0.40
19L	96.4567	0.661	6		-0.18	1.19			96.4567	0.6614		6	5	-0.11
55L	96.4833	0.075	6		-0.15	0.14			96.4833	0.0753		6	5	-0.08
4L	96.6419	0.039	6		0.03	0.07			96.6419	0.0389		6	5	0.08
21L	96.6624	0.124	6		0.05	0.22			96.6624	0.1238		6	5	0.10
45L	96.6750	0.171	4		0.07	0.31			96.6750	0.1708		4	3	0.11
31L	96.7000	0.115	4		0.09	0.21			96.7000	0.1155		4	3	0.13
40L	96.7167	0.248	6		0.11	0.45			96.7167	0.2483		6	5	0.15
57L	96.7383	0.344	6		0.14	0.62			96.7383	0.3441		6	5	0.17
26L	96.7533	0.345	6		0.15	0.62			96.7533	0.3452		6	5	0.19
34L	96.7655	0.112	6		0.17	0.20			96.7655	0.1122		6	5	0.20
32L	96.8750	0.287	4		0.29	0.52			96.8750	0.2872		4	3	0.31
1L	96.9500	0.071	2		0.37	0.13			96.9500	0.0707		2	1	0.38
13L	97.3750	0.332	2		0.85	0.60			97.3750	0.3323		2	1	0.81
35L	97.5500	0.176	6		1.04	0.32	Fail		97.5500	0.1761		6	5	0.98
29L	97.7625	0.188	4		1.28	0.34	Fail		97.7625	0.1882		4	3	1.20
17L	99.7400	-	1	!!	3.48		Fail		-	.17L	-	-	-	3.17
Tot.gem		96.616	0.366 %		1%-level:	2.42			22			22	21	
Tot.std=		0.898	0.426		5%-level:	1.90			3	(17L,7L,9L)				

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RESULTS: Mean = 96.56601 %

Repeatability variance S2r = 0.10988

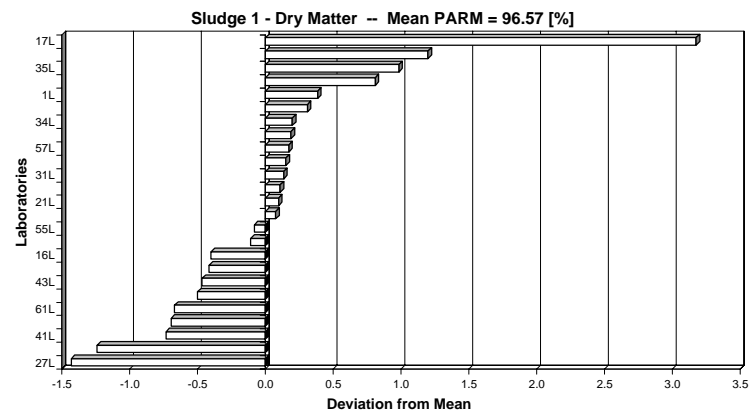
Repeatability std. Sr = 0.33147 --> 0.34% r = 0.9281

Between lab variance S2L = 0.25900

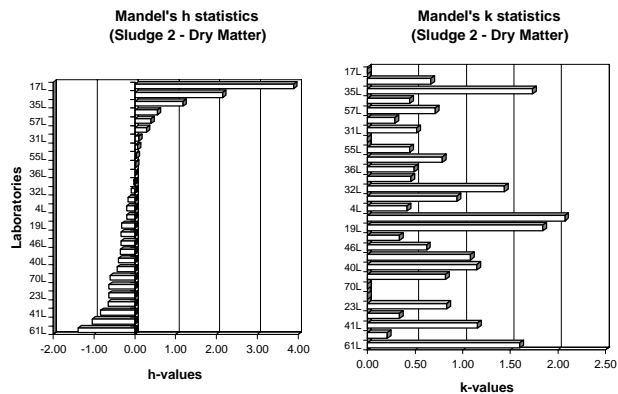
Reproducibility var. S2R = 0.36887

Reproducibility std. SR = 0.60735 --> 0.63% R = 1.7006

Remarks: 3 Labs rejected! (17L,7L,9L)



Sample: Sludge 2
Element: Dry Matter



Unit: %

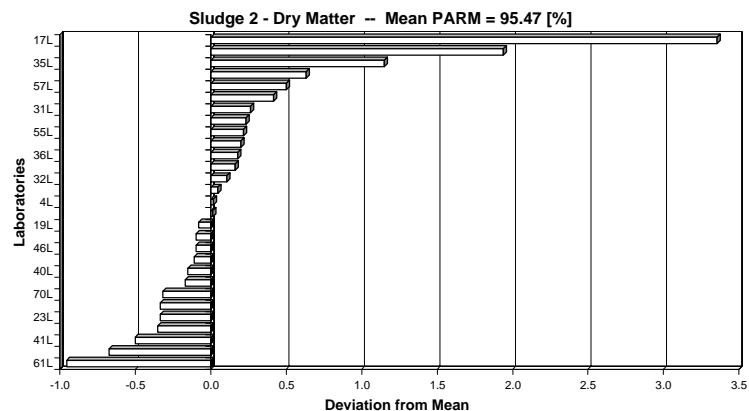
Mandel's k statistics (Sludge 2 - Dry Matter)
Mandel's h statistics (Sludge 2 - Dry Matter)
Sludge 2 - Dry Matter -- Mean PARM = 95.47 [%]

General calc.parm.
T1= 1.24093E+04
T2= 1.18457E+06
T3= 130
T4= 710
T5= 5.6195E+00
n= variabel
p= 27
N-table= 5

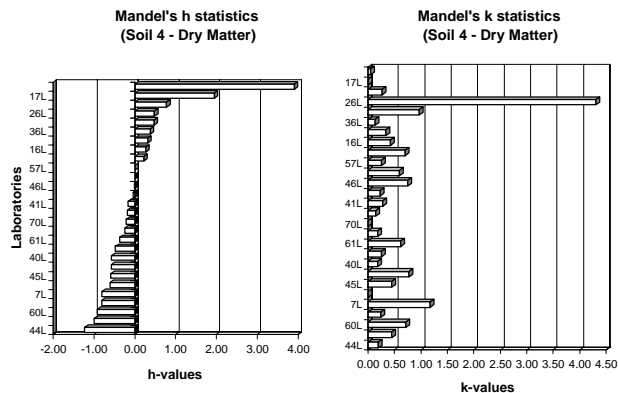
Mandel's statistics										End Result:					
LAB	PARM-gem	Stdev	N	h-mark	h	k	k-mark $\sqrt{X} > AvST+2std$	AvX < AvST-2std	PARM	Stdev	Rej.labs	N	N-1	dev_mean	
61L	94.5133	0.357	6		-1.39	1.60	!	Fail	94.5133	0.3571		6	5	-0.95	
44L	94.7967	0.046	6		-1.05	0.21		Fail	94.7967	0.0463		6	5	-0.67	
41L	94.9667	0.258	6		-0.84	1.16		Fail	94.9667	0.2582		6	5	-0.50	
16L	95.1167	0.075	6		-0.65	0.34		Fail	95.1167	0.0753		6	5	-0.35	
23L	95.1333	0.186	6		-0.63	0.84		Fail	95.1333	0.1862		6	5	-0.33	
27L	95.1350	-	1		-0.63			Fail	95.1350	-		1		-0.33	
70L	95.1500	-	1		-0.61			Fail	95.1500	-		1		-0.32	
43L	95.3000	0.183	4		-0.43	0.82		Fail	95.3000	0.1826		4	3	-0.17	
40L	95.3167	0.256	6		-0.41	1.15		Fail	95.3167	0.2563		6	5	-0.15	
60L	95.3600	0.241	5		-0.35	1.08		Fail	95.3600	0.2408		5	4	-0.11	
46L	95.3700	0.139	4		-0.34	0.62		Fail	95.3700	0.1386		4	3	-0.10	
21L	95.3704	0.075	6		-0.34	0.34		Fail	95.3704	0.0753		6	5	-0.10	
19L	95.3883	0.410	6		-0.32	1.84	!!	Fail	95.3883	0.4104		6	5	-0.08	
7L	95.4833	0.462	6		-0.20	2.07	!!		95.4833	0.4622		6	5	0.02	
4L	95.4841	0.093	6		-0.20	0.42			95.4841	0.0931		6	5	0.02	
26L	95.5167	0.210	6		-0.16	0.94			95.5167	0.2098		6	5	0.05	
32L	95.5750	0.320	4		-0.09	1.44			95.5750	0.3202		4	3	0.11	
34L	95.6300	0.102	6		-0.02	0.46			95.6300	0.1017		6	5	0.16	
36L	95.6473	0.110	3		0.00	0.49			95.6473	0.1098		3	2	0.18	
45L	95.6667	0.175	6		0.02	0.79			95.6667	0.1751		6	5	0.20	
55L	95.6833	0.098	6		0.04	0.44			95.6833	0.0983		6	5	0.22	
1L	95.7000	-	1		0.06				95.7000	-		1		0.23	
31L	95.7333	0.115	3		0.10	0.52			95.7333	0.1155		3	2	0.27	
9L	95.8833	0.064	6		0.29	0.29			95.8833	0.0644		6	5	0.42	
57L	95.9700	0.159	6		0.39	0.71		Fail	95.9700	0.1586		6	5	0.50	
13L	96.1000	0.099	2		0.55	0.44		Fail	96.1000	0.0990		2	1	0.63	
35L	96.6167	0.387	6		1.19	1.74	!!	Fail	96.6167	0.3869		6	5	1.15	
29L	97.4050	0.148	4	!	2.15	0.67		Fail	-	-	,29L	-	-	1.94	
17L	98.8200	-	1	!!	3.89			Fail	-	-	,17L	-	-	3.35	
Tot.gem		95.649	0.191 %		1%-level:	2.42			27						
Tot.std=		0.815	0.118		5%-level:	1.90			2	95.4669	(17L, 29L)	27	26		

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RESULTS: Mean = 95.46692 %
Repeatability variance S2r = 0.05456
Repeatability std. Sr = 0.23358 --> 0.24% r = 0.6540
Between lab variance S2L = 0.18204
Reproducibility var. S2R = 0.23660
Reproducibility std. SR = 0.48641 --> 0.51% R = 1.3620
Remarks: 2 Labs rejected! (17L, 29L)



Sample: Soil 4
Element: Dry Matter



Unit: %

Mandel's k statistics (Soil 4 - Dry Matter)
Mandel's h statistics (Soil 4 - Dry Matter)
Soil 4 - Dry Matter -- Mean PARM = 95.28 [%]

General calc.parm.
T1= 1.06725E+04
T2= 1.01699E+06
T3= 112
T4= 594
T5= 1.4708E+00
n= variabel
p= 24
N-table= 5

LAB	PARM-gem	Stdev	N	h-mark	Mandel's statistics		k-mark $\sqrt{X} > \text{AvST}+2\text{std}$	AvX < AvST-2std	End Result:		Rej.labs	N	N-1	dev_mean
					h	k			PARM	Stdev				
44L	94.5433	0.055	6		-1.23	0.19	Fail		94.5433	0.0550		6	5	-0.74
31L	94.7200	0.130	5		-0.99	0.45	Fail		94.7200	0.1304		5	4	-0.56
60L	94.7667	0.208	3		-0.93	0.72	Fail		94.7667	0.2082		3	2	-0.51
1L	94.8500	0.071	2		-0.81	0.24	Fail		94.8500	0.0707		2	1	-0.43
7L	94.8583	0.340	6		-0.80	1.17	Fail							-0.42
43L	95.0000	-	1		-0.61				95.0000		.7L	1		-0.28
45L	95.0200	0.130	5		-0.58	0.45			95.0200	0.1304		5	4	-0.26
19L	95.0267	0.226	6		-0.57	0.78			95.0267	0.2257		6	5	-0.25
40L	95.0333	0.052	6		-0.57	0.18			95.0333	0.0516		6	5	-0.25
34L	95.1019	0.073	6		-0.47	0.25			95.1019	0.0734		6	5	-0.18
61L	95.1750	0.178	6		-0.37	0.61			95.1750	0.1784		6	5	-0.11
4L	95.2663	0.052	6		-0.25	0.18			95.2663	0.0519		6	5	-0.01
70L	95.3000	-	1		-0.20				95.3000			1		0.02
23L	95.3167	0.041	6		-0.18	0.14			95.3167	0.0408		6	5	0.04
41L	95.3333	0.082	6		-0.16	0.28			95.3333	0.0816		6	5	0.05
29L	95.4250	0.068	4		-0.04	0.23			95.4250	0.0676		4	3	0.14
46L	95.4400	0.219	4		-0.02	0.75			95.4400	0.2194		4	3	0.16
32L	95.4500	0.173	4		0.00	0.60			95.4500	0.1732		4	3	0.17
57L	95.4583	0.073	6		0.01	0.25			95.4583	0.0731		6	5	0.18
35L	95.6167	0.204	6		0.22	0.70			95.6167	0.2041		6	5	0.34
16L	95.6500	0.122	6		0.27	0.42			95.6500	0.1225		6	5	0.37
55L	95.6833	0.098	6		0.31	0.34			95.6833	0.0983		6	5	0.40
36L	95.7351	0.037	3		0.38	0.13			95.7351	0.0367		3	2	0.45
30L	95.8000	0.283	2		0.47	0.97			95.8000	0.2828		2	1	0.52
26L	95.8083	1.254	6		0.48	4.31	II				.26L			0.53
9L	96.0300	0.077	6		0.78	0.26	Fail		96.0300	0.0769		6	5	0.75
17L	96.8900	-	1	I	1.94		Fail				.17L			1.61
13L	98.3400	0.014	2	II	3.91	0.05	Fail				.13L			3.06
Tot.gem	95.451	0.170 %		1%-level:	2.42	(1.79)		24	95.2809	(13L,17L,26L,7L)		24	23	
Tot.std=	0.740	0.241		5%-level:	1.90	(1.53)		4						

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RESULTS: Mean = 95.28090 %

Repeatability variance S2r = 0.01671

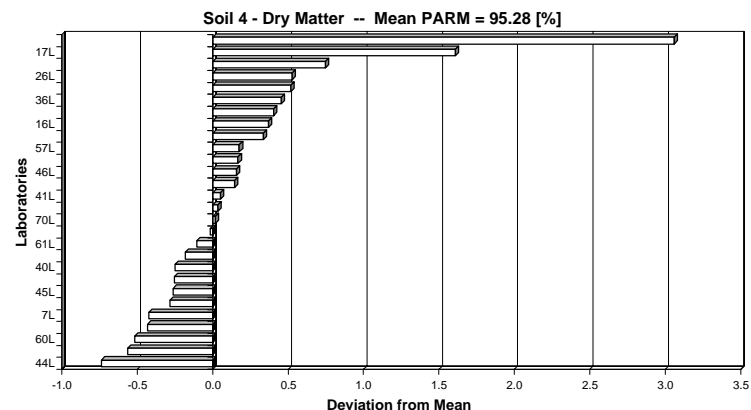
Repeatability std. Sr = 0.12928 --> 0.14% r = 0.3620

Between lab variance S2L = 0.13633

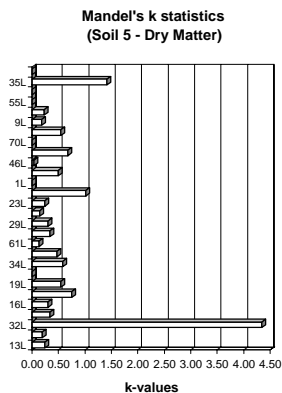
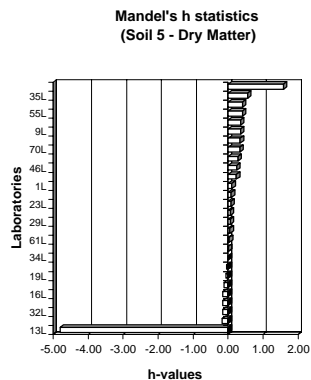
Reproducibility var. S2R = 0.15304

Reproducibility std. SR = 0.39121 --> 0.41% R = 1.0954

Remarks: 4 Labs rejected! (13L,17L,26L,7L)



Sample: Soil 5
Element: Dry Matter



Unit: %

Mandel's k statistics (Soil 5 - Dry Matter)
Mandel's h statistics (Soil 5 - Dry Matter)
Soil 5 - Dry Matter -- Mean PARM = 98.39 [%]

General calc.parm.
T1= 1.04284E+04
T2= 1.02595E+06
T3= 106
T4= 570
T5= 5.3857E-01
n= variabel
p= 22
N-table= 5

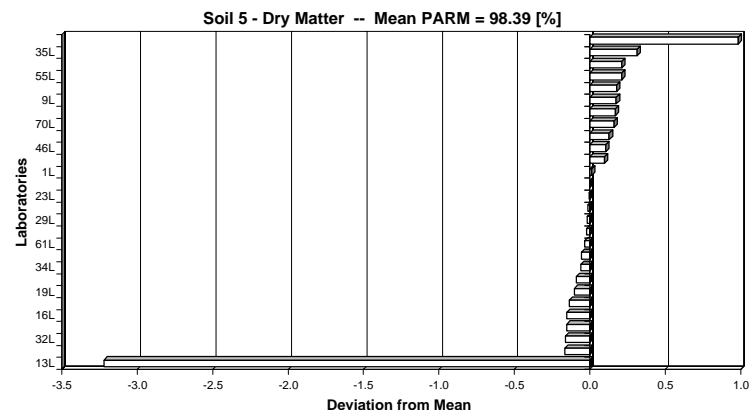
Mandel's statistics										End Result:									
LAB	PARM-gem	Stdev	N	h-mark	h	k	k-mark	AvX > AvST+2std	AvX < AvST-2std	PARM	Stdev	Rej.labs	N	N-1	dev_mean				
13L	95.1700	0.042	2	II	-4.80	0.24									-3.22				
44L	98.2217	0.033	6		-0.16	0.19				98.2217	0.0331		6	5	-0.17				
32L	98.2250	0.754	4		-0.16	4.35	II								-0.16				
31L	98.2333	0.058	3		-0.15	0.33				98.2333	0.0577		3	2	-0.16				
16L	98.2333	0.052	6		-0.15	0.30				98.2333	0.0516		6	5	-0.16				
60L	98.2500	0.129	4		-0.12	0.74				98.2500	0.1291		4	3	-0.14				
19L	98.2850	0.094	6		-0.07	0.54				98.2850	0.0935		6	5	-0.10				
41L	98.3000		6		-0.04					98.3000			6	5	-0.09				
34L	98.3285	0.101	6		0.00	0.58				98.3285	0.1015		6	5	-0.06				
40L	98.3333	0.082	6		0.01	0.47				98.3333	0.0816		6	5	-0.06				
61L	98.3533	0.023	6		0.04	0.13				98.3533	0.0234		6	5	-0.04				
43L	98.3667	0.058	3		0.06	0.33				98.3667	0.0577		3	2	-0.02				
29L	98.3725	0.052	4		0.07	0.30				98.3725	0.0519		4	3	-0.02				
4L	98.3729	0.026	6		0.07	0.15				98.3729	0.0261		6	5	-0.02				
23L	98.3833	0.041	6		0.08	0.24				98.3833	0.0408		6	5	-0.01				
7L	98.3883	0.176	6		0.09	1.01				98.3883	0.1760		6	5	0.00				
1L	98.4000	-	1		0.11					98.4000	-		1		0.01				
26L	98.4860	0.087	5		0.24	0.50				98.4860	0.0868		5	4	0.10				
46L	98.4950	0.006	4		0.25	0.03				98.4950	0.0058		4	3	0.11				
45L	98.5167	0.117	1		0.28	0.67				98.5167	0.1169		6	5	0.13				
70L	98.5500	-	6		0.34					98.5500	-		1		0.16				
57L	98.5567	0.094	6		0.35	0.54				98.5567	0.0935		6	5	0.17				
9L	98.5633	0.032	6		0.36	0.18				98.5633	0.0320		6	5	0.17				
36L	98.5649	0.039	3		0.36	0.22				98.5649	0.0389		3	2	0.18				
55L	98.6000	0.000	6		0.41	0.00				-	.55L	-			0.21				
55L	98.6000	0.000	6		0.41	0.00				-	.55L	-			0.21				
35L	98.7000	0.245	6		0.56	1.41		Fail		-	.35L	-			0.31				
17L	99.3700	-	1		1.58			Fail		-	.17L	-			0.98				
Tot.gem	98.329	0.094 %		1%-level:	2.42	(1.79)			22	98.3889	(13L,17L,32L,35L,55L,5		22	21					
Tot.std=	0.659	0.149		5%-level:	1.90	(1.53)			6										

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RESULTS: Mean = 98.38886 %

Repeatability variance S2r = 0.00641
Repeatability std. Sr = 0.08007 --> 0.08% r = 0.2242
Between lab variance S2L = 0.01139
Reproducibility var. S2R = 0.01780
Reproducibility std. SR = 0.13343 --> 0.14% R = 0.3736

Remarks: 6 Labs rejected! (13L,17L,32L,35L,55L,55L)



Annex 4:

Raw data submitted

Sample:	Compost 1	
Element:	DM	[%]
	LAB	PARM
13L	93.9	
13L	93.8	
17L	97.6	
1L	93.7	
1L	93.6	
1L	91.0	
21L	93.8	
21L	93.8	
21L	93.8	
21L	93.6	
21L	93.6	
21L	93.4	
23L	93.6	
23L	93.6	
23L	93.6	
23L	93.5	
23L	93.5	
23L	93.5	
26L	94.0	
26L	93.8	
26L	93.6	
26L	93.6	
26L	93.6	
26L	93.5	
27L	90.0	
27L	89.7	
29L	95.0	
29L	95.0	
29L	95.0	
29L	94.9	
30L	94.6	
30L	94.5	
30L	94.2	
30L	94.2	
31L	93.7	
31L	93.7	
31L	93.6	
31L	93.6	
31L	93.5	
32L	94.3	
32L	94.3	
32L	93.7	
32L	93.6	
34L	93.6	
34L	93.5	
34L	93.5	
34L	93.5	
34L	93.5	
34L	93.5	
34L	93.2	
35L	94.6	
35L	94.6	
35L	94.5	
35L	94.4	
35L	94.4	
35L	94.4	
36L	94.0	
36L	93.9	
36L	93.6	
40L	93.6	
40L	93.6	
40L	93.6	
40L	93.6	
40L	93.5	
41L	93.5	
41L	93.5	
41L	93.4	
41L	93.3	
41L	93.2	
41L	93.2	

Sample:	Compost 1	
Element:	DM	[%]
	LAB	PARM
43L	93.6	
43L	93.6	
43L	93.5	
43L	92.0	
43L	91.8	
43L	91.6	
44L	92.7	
44L	92.5	
44L	92.5	
44L	92.4	
44L	92.3	
44L	92.2	
45L	94.0	
45L	94.0	
45L	93.9	
45L	93.8	
45L	93.6	
45L	93.4	
46L	93.8	
46L	93.8	
46L	93.7	
46L	93.7	
4L	93.9	
4L	93.8	
4L	93.8	
4L	93.7	
4L	93.7	
4L	93.7	
55L	93.9	
55L	93.9	
55L	93.9	
55L	93.8	
55L	93.8	
55L	93.8	
57L	93.9	
57L	93.8	
57L	93.7	
57L	93.7	
57L	93.7	
57L	93.6	
60L	93.7	
60L	93.5	
60L	93.5	
60L	93.4	
60L	93.4	
61L	93.6	
61L	93.6	
61L	93.4	
61L	93.3	
61L	93.3	
61L	93.1	
70L	93.7	
7L	93.6	
7L	93.6	
7L	93.5	
7L	93.5	
7L	93.5	
9L	93.2	
9L	93.9	
9L	93.9	
9L	93.9	
9L	93.8	
9L	93.8	
9L	93.8	
16L	93.5	
16L	93.6	
16L	93.5	
16L	93.5	
16L	93.8	
16L	93.6	

Sample: Element:	Compost 2 DM	[%]
LAB	PARM	
13L	92.4	
13L	91.8	
17L	94.7	
19L	92.9	
19L	92.1	
19L	91.6	
19L	91.3	
19L	91.2	
19L	91.1	
1L	91.8	
1L	91.2	
21L	92.1	
21L	91.5	
21L	91.3	
21L	91.3	
21L	90.7	
21L	90.4	
23L	91.6	
23L	91.5	
23L	91.5	
23L	91.4	
23L	91.3	
23L	91.3	
26L	91.8	
26L	91.6	
26L	91.6	
26L	91.5	
26L	91.4	
26L	91.2	
27L	96.9	
27L	96.6	
29L	92.5	
29L	92.4	
29L	92.1	
29L	92.1	
31L	91.8	
31L	91.4	
31L	91.4	
31L	91.3	
31L	91.2	
32L	90.9	
32L	89.8	
32L	89.7	
32L	89.6	
34L	91.6	
34L	91.5	
34L	91.4	
34L	91.4	
34L	91.3	
34L	90.9	
35L	92.6	
35L	92.6	
35L	92.3	
35L	92.0	
35L	91.9	
35L	91.9	
36L	92.3	
36L	91.6	
36L	91.4	
40L	92.3	
40L	92.1	
40L	92.1	
40L	92.1	
40L	92.1	
40L	92.0	
41L	91.9	
41L	91.6	
41L	91.2	
41L	91.1	
41L	90.1	
41L	89.8	

Sample: Element:	Compost 2 DM	[%]
LAB	PARM	
43L	96.5	
43L	96.4	
43L	92.0	
43L	91.8	
43L	91.6	
44L	90.5	
44L	90.3	
44L	90.2	
44L	90.0	
44L	90.0	
44L	89.5	
45L	92.2	
45L	92.1	
45L	92.0	
45L	91.9	
45L	91.7	
45L	91.2	
46L	92.1	
46L	92.1	
46L	91.9	
46L	91.9	
4L	92.1	
4L	91.9	
4L	91.6	
4L	91.4	
4L	91.3	
4L	91.2	
55L	92.9	
55L	92.7	
55L	91.9	
55L	91.7	
55L	91.6	
55L	91.5	
57L	92.1	
57L	92.0	
57L	92.0	
57L	91.9	
57L	91.8	
57L	91.8	
60L	91.7	
60L	91.5	
60L	91.2	
60L	91.0	
60L	90.9	
60L	90.8	
61L	92.1	
61L	92.0	
61L	92.0	
61L	92.0	
61L	91.9	
61L	91.8	
70L	92.4	
7L	91.3	
7L	91.1	
7L	91.1	
7L	91.0	
7L	91.0	
7L	90.8	
9L	92.4	
9L	92.4	
9L	92.3	
9L	92.3	
9L	92.3	
9L	92.3	
16L	91.9	
16L	91.8	
16L	92.1	
16L	91.3	
16L	91.7	
16L	91.3	

Sample: Element:	Sewage Sludge 1		[%]
	LAB	DM PARM	
13L		97.6	
13L		97.1	
17L		99.7	
19L		97.1	
19L		96.9	
19L		96.8	
19L		96.7	
19L		95.6	
19L		95.6	
1L		97.0	
1L		96.9	
21L		96.8	
21L		96.8	
21L		96.7	
21L		96.7	
21L		96.6	
21L		96.4	
23L		96.2	
23L		96.1	
23L		96.1	
23L		96.0	
23L		96.0	
23L		96.0	
26L		97.2	
26L		97.1	
26L		97.0	
26L		96.5	
26L		96.4	
26L		96.4	
27L		95.2	
27L		95.1	
29L		97.9	
29L		97.9	
29L		97.6	
29L		97.6	
31L		96.8	
31L		96.8	
31L		96.6	
31L		96.6	
32L		97.1	
32L		97.1	
32L		96.8	
32L		96.5	
34L		96.9	
34L		96.8	
34L		96.8	
34L		96.7	
34L		96.7	
34L		96.6	
35L		97.7	
35L		97.7	
35L		97.7	
35L		97.5	
35L		97.4	
35L		97.3	
36L		96.8	
36L		96.7	
36L		96.7	
40L		97.0	
40L		96.9	
40L		96.9	
40L		96.6	
40L		96.5	
40L		96.4	
41L		96.5	
41L		96.5	
41L		96.4	
41L		95.2	
41L		95.2	
41L		95.2	

Sample: Element:	Sewage Sludge 1		[%]
	LAB	DM PARM	
43L		96.8	
43L		96.7	
43L		95.5	
43L		95.4	
44L		94.9	
44L		94.9	
44L		94.8	
44L		93.5	
44L		93.4	
45L		96.9	
45L		96.7	
45L		96.6	
45L		96.5	
4L		96.7	
4L		96.7	
4L		96.7	
4L		96.6	
4L		96.6	
4L		96.6	
55L		96.6	
55L		96.5	
55L		96.5	
55L		96.5	
55L		96.4	
55L		96.4	
57L		97.1	
57L		97.1	
57L		97.0	
57L		96.5	
57L		96.4	
57L		96.4	
61L		96.2	
61L		96.1	
61L		95.9	
61L		95.8	
61L		95.8	
61L		95.6	
70L		96.2	
7L		96.9	
7L		96.8	
7L		96.8	
7L		96.7	
7L		96.2	
9L		96.8	
9L		96.8	
9L		96.8	
9L		96.8	
9L		96.8	
9L		96.8	
16L		96.1	
16L		96.3	
16L		96.2	
16L		96.3	
16L		96.1	
16L		96.0	

Sample:	Sewage Sludge 2	
Element:	DM	[%]
LAB	PARM	
13L	96.2	
13L	96.0	
17L	98.8	
19L	95.8	
19L	95.8	
19L	95.5	
19L	95.5	
19L	94.9	
19L	94.9	
1L	95.7	
21L	95.4	
21L	95.4	
21L	95.4	
21L	95.4	
21L	95.3	
21L	95.2	
23L	95.3	
23L	95.3	
23L	95.3	
23L	95.0	
23L	95.0	
23L	94.9	
26L	95.7	
26L	95.7	
26L	95.6	
26L	95.6	
26L	95.4	
26L	95.1	
27L	95.1	
29L	97.6	
29L	97.5	
29L	97.3	
29L	97.3	
31L	95.8	
31L	95.8	
31L	95.6	
32L	95.9	
32L	95.8	
32L	95.3	
32L	95.3	
34L	95.8	
34L	95.7	
34L	95.7	
34L	95.6	
34L	95.6	
34L	95.5	
35L	97.4	
35L	96.5	
35L	96.5	
35L	96.5	
35L	96.4	
36L	95.8	
36L	95.6	
36L	95.6	
40L	95.8	
40L	95.3	
40L	95.3	
40L	95.3	
40L	95.1	
40L	95.1	
41L	95.2	
41L	95.2	
41L	95.2	
41L	94.8	
41L	94.7	
41L	94.7	
43L	95.5	
43L	95.4	
43L	95.2	
43L	95.1	

Sample:	Sewage Sludge 2	
Element:	DM	[%]
LAB	PARM	
44L	94.9	
44L	94.8	
44L	94.8	
44L	94.8	
44L	94.8	
44L	94.7	
45L	95.9	
45L	95.8	
45L	95.7	
45L	95.6	
45L	95.6	
45L	95.4	
46L	95.5	
46L	95.5	
46L	95.3	
46L	95.3	
4L	95.6	
4L	95.6	
4L	95.5	
4L	95.4	
4L	95.4	
4L	95.4	
55L	95.8	
55L	95.8	
55L	95.7	
55L	95.6	
55L	95.6	
55L	95.6	
57L	96.2	
57L	96.1	
57L	96.1	
57L	95.9	
57L	95.8	
57L	95.8	
60L	95.7	
60L	95.5	
60L	95.3	
60L	95.2	
60L	95.1	
61L	95.0	
61L	94.9	
61L	94.4	
61L	94.4	
61L	94.3	
61L	94.1	
70L	95.2	
7L	96.1	
7L	96.1	
7L	95.5	
7L	95.2	
7L	95.1	
7L	95.0	
9L	96.0	
9L	95.9	
9L	95.9	
9L	95.9	
9L	95.8	
9L	95.8	
16L	95.1	
16L	95.2	
16L	95.1	
16L	95.2	
16L	95.1	
16L	95.0	

Sample: Element:	Soil 4 DM	[%]
LAB	PARM	
13L	98.4	
13L	98.3	
17L	96.9	
19L	95.3	
19L	95.3	
19L	95.0	
19L	94.9	
19L	94.9	
19L	94.8	
1L	94.9	
1L	94.8	
23L	95.4	
23L	95.3	
23L	95.3	
23L	95.3	
23L	95.3	
23L	95.3	
26L	98.4	
26L	95.5	
26L	95.4	
26L	95.2	
26L	95.2	
26L	95.2	
29L	95.5	
29L	95.5	
29L	95.4	
29L	95.3	
30L	96.0	
30L	95.6	
31L	94.9	
31L	94.8	
31L	94.7	
31L	94.6	
31L	94.6	
32L	95.6	
32L	95.6	
32L	95.3	
32L	95.3	
34L	95.2	
34L	95.2	
34L	95.1	
34L	95.0	
34L	95.0	
34L	95.0	
35L	95.9	
35L	95.8	
35L	95.6	
35L	95.6	
35L	95.4	
35L	95.4	
36L	95.8	
36L	95.7	
36L	95.7	
40L	95.1	
40L	95.1	
40L	95.0	
40L	95.0	
40L	95.0	
40L	95.0	
41L	95.4	
41L	95.4	
41L	95.4	
41L	95.3	
41L	95.3	
41L	95.2	
43L	95.0	

Sample: Element:	Soil 4 DM	[%]
LAB	PARM	
44L	94.6	
44L	94.6	
44L	94.6	
44L	94.5	
44L	94.5	
44L	94.5	
45L	95.2	
45L	95.1	
45L	95.0	
45L	94.9	
45L	94.9	
46L	95.6	
46L	95.6	
46L	95.3	
46L	95.3	
4L	95.3	
4L	95.3	
4L	95.3	
4L	95.3	
4L	95.2	
4L	95.2	
55L	95.8	
55L	95.8	
55L	95.7	
55L	95.6	
55L	95.6	
55L	95.6	
57L	95.6	
57L	95.5	
57L	95.5	
57L	95.4	
57L	95.4	
57L	95.4	
60L	95.0	
60L	94.7	
60L	94.6	
61L	95.4	
61L	95.3	
61L	95.3	
61L	95.1	
61L	95.0	
61L	95.0	
70L	95.3	
7L	95.1	
7L	95.1	
7L	95.0	
7L	94.9	
7L	94.8	
7L	94.2	
9L	96.1	
9L	96.1	
9L	96.1	
9L	96.0	
9L	96.0	
9L	96.0	
16L	95.7	
16L	95.5	
16L	95.8	
16L	95.5	
16L	95.7	
16L	95.7	

Sample:	Soil 5	[%]
Element:	DM	
LAB	PARM	
13L	95.2	
13L	95.1	
17L	99.4	
19L	98.4	
19L	98.4	
19L	98.2	
19L	98.2	
19L	98.2	
19L	98.2	
1L	98.4	
23L	98.4	
23L	98.4	
23L	98.4	
23L	98.4	
23L	98.4	
23L	98.3	
26L	98.6	
26L	98.5	
26L	98.5	
26L	98.5	
26L	98.4	
29L	98.4	
29L	98.4	
29L	98.4	
29L	98.3	
31L	98.3	
31L	98.2	
31L	98.2	
32L	98.7	
32L	98.6	
32L	98.5	
32L	97.1	
34L	98.5	
34L	98.4	
34L	98.4	
34L	98.3	
34L	98.2	
34L	98.2	
35L	98.9	
35L	98.9	
35L	98.8	
35L	98.8	
35L	98.5	
35L	98.3	
36L	98.6	
36L	98.6	
36L	98.5	
40L	98.4	
40L	98.4	
40L	98.4	
40L	98.3	
40L	98.3	
40L	98.2	
41L	98.3	
41L	98.3	
41L	98.3	
41L	98.3	
41L	98.3	
41L	98.3	
43L	98.4	
43L	98.4	
43L	98.3	
44L	98.3	
44L	98.2	
44L	98.2	
44L	98.2	
44L	98.2	
44L	98.2	

Sample:	Soil 5	[%]
Element:	DM	
LAB	PARM	
45L	98.7	
45L	98.6	
45L	98.5	
45L	98.5	
45L	98.4	
45L	98.4	
46L	98.5	
46L	98.5	
46L	98.5	
46L	98.5	
4L	98.4	
4L	98.4	
4L	98.4	
4L	98.4	
4L	98.4	
4L	98.3	
55L	98.6	
55L	98.6	
55L	98.6	
55L	98.6	
55L	98.6	
55L	98.6	
57L	98.6	
57L	98.6	
57L	98.6	
57L	98.6	
57L	98.6	
57L	98.5	
57L	98.4	
60L	98.4	
60L	98.3	
60L	98.2	
60L	98.1	
61L	98.4	
61L	98.4	
61L	98.4	
61L	98.4	
61L	98.3	
61L	98.3	
70L	98.6	
7L	98.6	
7L	98.6	
7L	98.4	
7L	98.3	
7L	98.3	
7L	98.1	
9L	98.6	
9L	98.6	
9L	98.6	
9L	98.6	
9L	98.5	
9L	98.5	
16L	98.2	
16L	98.2	
16L	98.3	
16L	98.2	
16L	98.2	

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Abstract

Project HORIZONTAL is interdisciplinary aiming at a harmonisation and horizontal standardisation of test procedures, in particular for sludge, soils and biowastes. In the context of this standardization project, a series of draft technical specifications were designed upon an extensive desk study, fine-tuned after expert consultations and finally validated in international intercomparisons exercise.

This report summarises the work performed within the validation study of the draft standard for the determination of dry matter (DM) in soils, sludge and treated bio-waste using gravimetric method. It further explains the underlying statistical concept for the calculation of reproducibility and repeatability from intercomparisons data. In addition all single values, results of the statistical evaluation as well as background information on the validation materials used are described and explained.

The mission of the JRC is to provide customer-driven scientific and technical support for the conception, development, implementation and monitoring of EU policies. As a service of the European Commission, the JRC functions as a reference centre of science and technology for the Union. Close to the policy-making process, it serves the common interest of the Member States, while being independent of special interests, whether private or national.

